

# Agenda

- PFAS state and criteria in Danmark
- Background Thyborøn/Harboøre site
- Methods
- Results
- New projects and results
- Future work

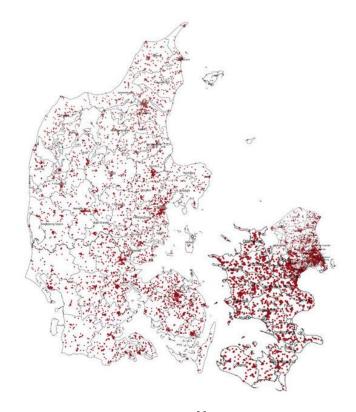


# Denmark

The Danish EPA (MST) is under the Danish Ministry of Environment

Environmental work is divided between

- Central administration (MST)
- 5 Regional Environmental Authorities
- 98 municipalities



Up to 15,000 sites are potentially contaminated with PFAS 8% investigated 900 documented as contaminated



# Historical overview of criteria in Denmark

Quality criteria for  $\Sigma$ 12 PFAS Groundwater /drinking water: 100 ng/l Soil:  $\Delta$ 400 µg/kg dw

2018 EU quality criterium for **PFOS** in surface waters implemented from December 2018

Fresh waters: annual av. 0.65 ng/l PFOS

max. 36 000 ng/l **PFOS** 

Marine waters: annual av. 0.13 ng/l PFOS

max. 7 200 ng/l **PFOS** 

2020 EFSA (European Food Safety Authority define TWI of 4,4 ng/kg bw for ∑4 PFAS

2019 Additional supplementary criteria for **PFOS PFOA** 

Groundwater /drinking water:

Soil:

6 ng/l 30 µg/kg dw

3 ng/l 10 μg/kg dw

New quality criteria for  $\Sigma$ 22 PFAS

Groundwater: 100 ng/l

Soil:  $400 \mu g/kg dw$ 

Drinking water: 100 ng/l (pt. only ∑12 PFAS)

PFOA, PFNA, PFHxS, PFOS

2 ng/l

10 μg/kg dw

2 ng/l



# Which 22 PFAS?

Carboxylic acids		Sulfonic ac	Sulfonic acids	
PFBA	C <sub>3</sub> F <sub>7</sub> •COOH	_		
PFPeA	C <sub>4</sub> F <sub>9</sub> •COOH	PFBS	$C_4F_9$ • $SO_3H$	
PFHxA	C <sub>5</sub> F <sub>11</sub> •COOH	PFPeS#	C <sub>5</sub> F <sub>11</sub> •SO <sub>3</sub> H	
PFHpA	C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>13</sub> •COOH	PFHxS*	C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>13</sub> •SO <sub>3</sub> H	
PFOA*	C <sub>7</sub> F <sub>15</sub> •COOH	PFHpS#	$C_7F_{15} \cdot SO_3H$	
PFNA*	C <sub>8</sub> F <sub>17</sub> •COOH	PFOS*	$C_8F_{17} \cdot SO_3H$	
PFDA	C <sub>9</sub> F <sub>19</sub> •COOH	PFNS#	C <sub>9</sub> F <sub>19</sub> •SO <sub>3</sub> H	
PFUnDA#	C <sub>10</sub> F <sub>21</sub> •COOH	PFDS#	$C_{10}F_{21} \cdot SO_3H$	
PFDoDA#	C <sub>11</sub> F <sub>23</sub> •COOH	PFUnDS#	$C_{11}F_{23} \cdot SO_3H$	
PFTrDA#	C <sub>12</sub> F <sub>25</sub> •COOH	♥ PFDoDS#	$C_{12}F_{25} \cdot SO_3H$	
		PFTrDS#	$C_{13}F_{27} \cdot SO_3H$	
Fluorotelomer		mer 6:2 FTS	$C_6F_{13} \cdot C_2H_4 \cdot SO_3H$	
Sulfonamide		nide PFOSA	$C_8F_{17} \cdot SO_2NH_2$	

\*∑4 PFAS with low criteria

#the 2021 extra 10 PFAS for groundwater and soils- and for drinking water from 2023



# 2021: PFAS in the media – Korsør fire training site





# Korsør Fire Training Site



- Discharge of surface and groundwater to meadows
- Meadows used for grazing cattle
- Cooperative where the meat is shared between a few members/families (less than 200 people)
- High concentration of PFAS (Σ4 PFAS) in ditch water (up to 8.000 ng/l), soil (up to 3.000 μg/kg dw) and grass (up to 165 ng/g ww)
- High concentration of PFAS in meat from grazing livestock (up to 230 ng/g ww)
- High Concentration of PFAS in blood serum (up to 500 ng/ml) from people who have eaten meat from the grazing cattle.



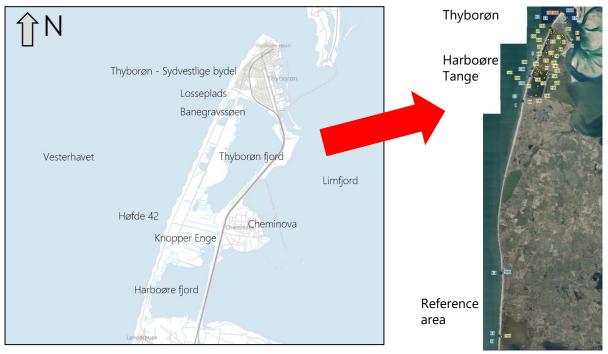
# West Coast Jutland

Surfactant chemistry leads to alarming consequences for the diffuse contamination of soils, surface water and groundwater

Thyborøn town and Harboøre Tange – Lemvig Municipality- Denmark

PFAS found in ground water, in drainage water under town, soil samples and surface waters







# Working conceptual hypothesis

Initial results had a declining trend with distance to sea



### Can PFAS contamination spread by aerosols and foams generated in the sea water?

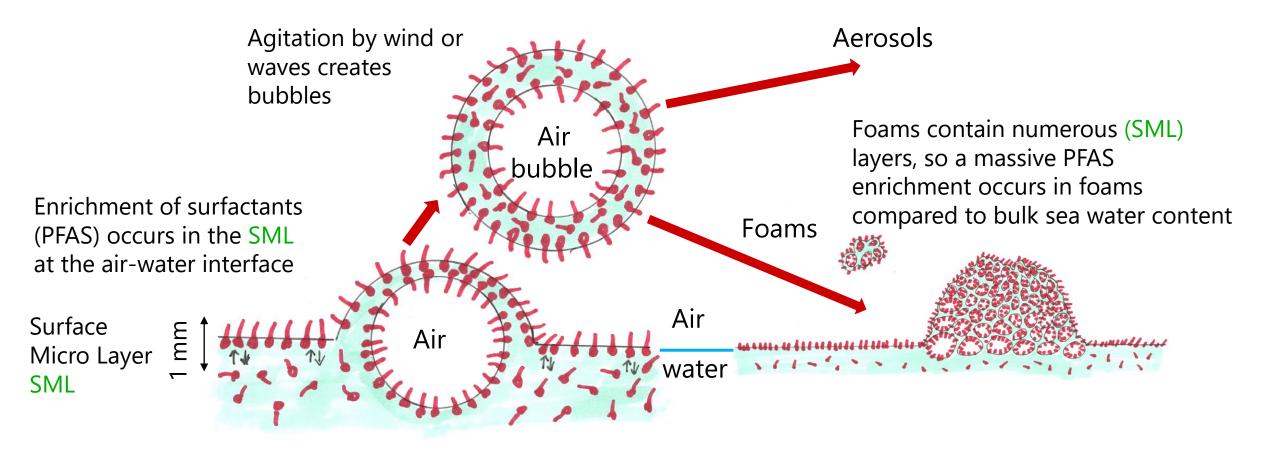
(Sea water contamination can come from sources downstream along the coast)



# Working conceptual hypothesis

PFAS are surfactants with air water interphase

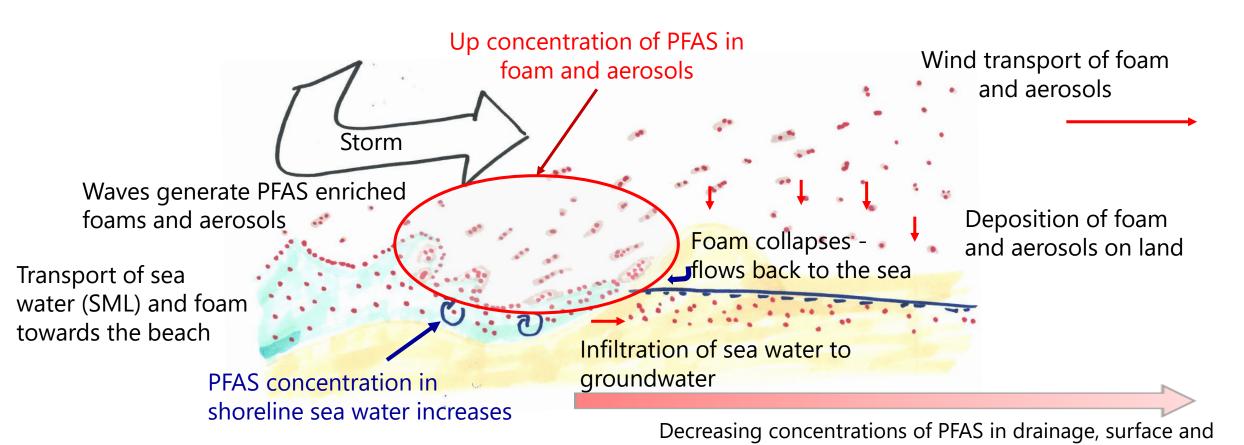






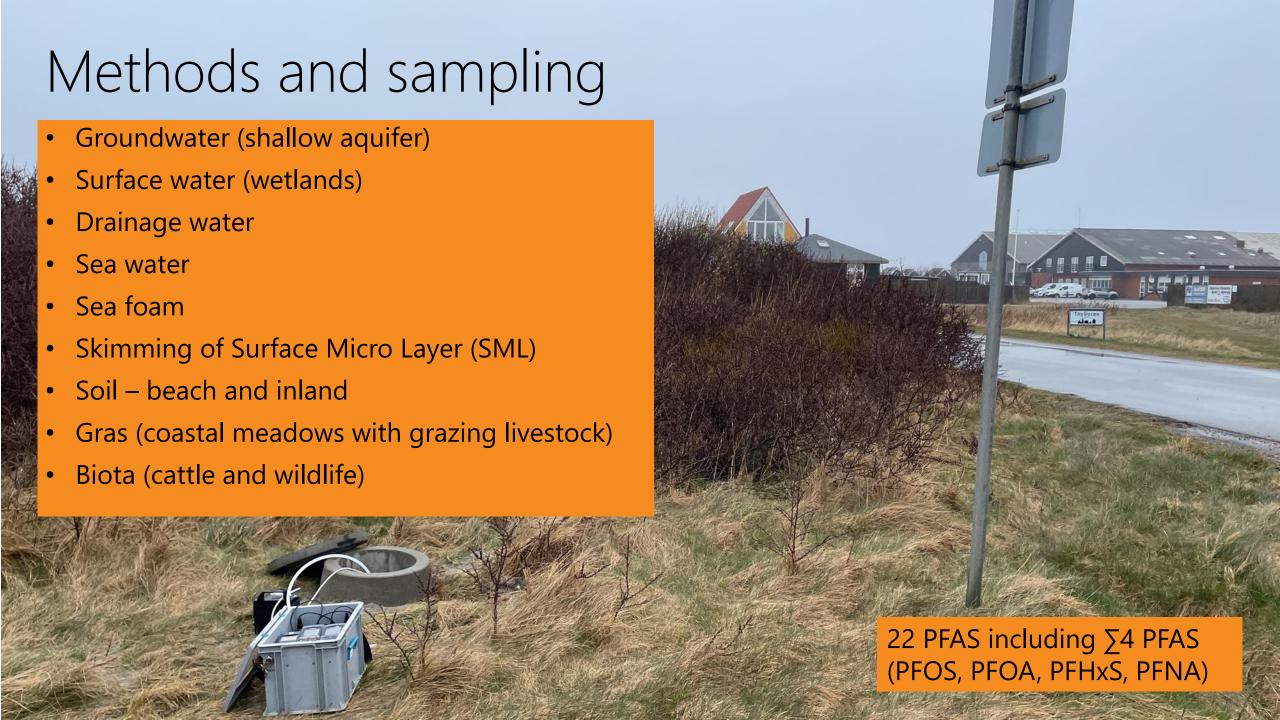
# Working hypothesis seems likely

PFAS spread from the sea to land during storms in foams and aerosols



Søren Rygaard Lenschow <a href="mailto:sri@niras.dk">sri@niras.dk</a>, NIRAS : Can PFAS contamination spread to soil and groundwater by Aerosols and foams generated in sea water? Sextonde motet I PFAS-nätverket, 22th of November 2022, Stockholm

ground water with distance to sea



Analysis af foam

Storm 4<sup>th</sup>. April 2022

Analysis of liquid phase of collapsed foam

 
 Analyseperiode:
 05.04.2022 - 19.04.2022

 Prøvemærke:
 Havskum1

 Lab prøvenr:
 835-2022-03850315
 Enhed

 PFAS-forbindelser
 PFBA (Perfluorbutansyre)
 <20</td>
 ng/l

PFAS-forbindelser				
PFBA (Perfluorbutansyre)	<20	ng/l		
PFBS (Perfluorbutansulfonsyre)	<10	ng/l		
PFPeA (Perfluorpentansyre)	<10	ng/l		
PFPeS (Perfluorpentansulfonsyre)	25	ng/l		
PFHxA (Perfluorhexansyre)	36	ng/l		
PFHxS (Perfluorhexansulfonsyre)	3300	ng/l		
PFHpA (Perfluorheptansyre)	1100	ng/l		
PFHpS (Perfluorheptansulfonsyre)	590	ng/l		
PFOA (Perfluoroktansyre)	21000	ng/l		
PFOS (Perfluoroktansulfonsyre)	85000	ng/l		
6:2 FTS (Fluortelomersulfonat)	170	ng/l		
PFOSA (Perfluoroktansulfonamid)	200	ng/l		
PFNA (Perfluornonansyre)	8900	ng/l		
PFNS (Perfluornonansulfonsyre)	<10	ng/l		
PFDA (Perfluordekansyre)	3300	ng/l		
PFDS (Perflordekanesulfonsyre)	<10	ng/l		
PFUnDA (Perfluorundekansyre)	550	ng/l		
PFUnDS (Perfluorundekansulfonsyre)	<10	ng/l		
PFDoDA (Perfluordodekansyre)	35	ng/l		
PFDoDS (Perfluordodekansulfonsyre)	<10	ng/l		
PFTrDA (Perfluortridekansyre)	22	ng/l		
PFTrDS (Perfluortridekansulfonsyre)	<10	ng/l		
Sum af PFAS 4 excl. LOQ	120000	ng/l		
Sum af PFAS	120000	ng/l		

Preliminary measurement of foam generated under a storm 120,000 ng/l for ∑4 PFAS (i.e. mainly PFOS 70% and PFOA 18%)



# More storms and foam Samples

The conditions have to be right for sampling – Storms help

Coastal wetland 10 km north of Thyborøn:

Foam: 1 700 000  $ng/l \sum 4 PFAS$ Wetland water 1 300  $ng/l \sum 4 PFAS$ 

Beach west coast 50 km south of Thyborøn:

Foam 1 900 ng/l ∑4 PFAS

Sea Water 9 ng/l ∑4 PFAS

Concentration will vary with wind, coastal structure etc.?

Skimming of SML – 10-1000 ng/l  $\Sigma$ 4 PFAS - difficult to reproduce with waves.

Not a local contamination limited to Harboøre/Thyborøn area







## PFAS contamination in west coast coastal town

Thyborøn town

Groundwater – max. 1,800 ng/l ∑4 PFAS Drainage water – max. 520 ng/l ∑4 PFAS

Soil – max. 4.5 μg/kg TS ∑4 PFAS

Overall trend for a decreasing content from west to east (away from the coast)







# Can distance to coast explain content

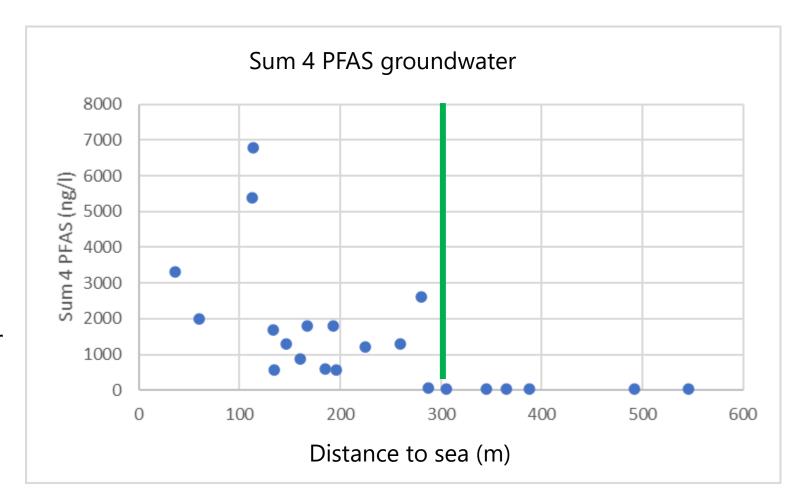
### **Groundwater:**

Content highest within 300 m of coastline

>300 m: lower content

But up to ca. 50 ng/l for ∑4 PFAS

All samples 300-550 m exceed groundwater criterium of 2 ng/l) for  $\Sigma$ 4 PFAS





# Can distance to coast explain content

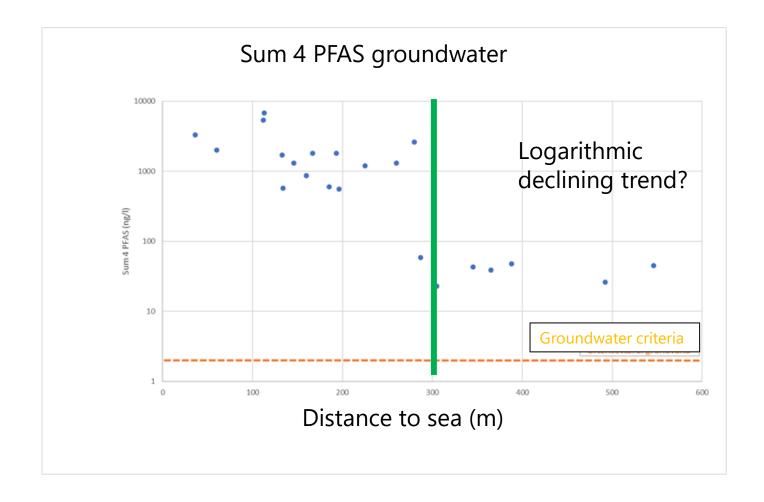
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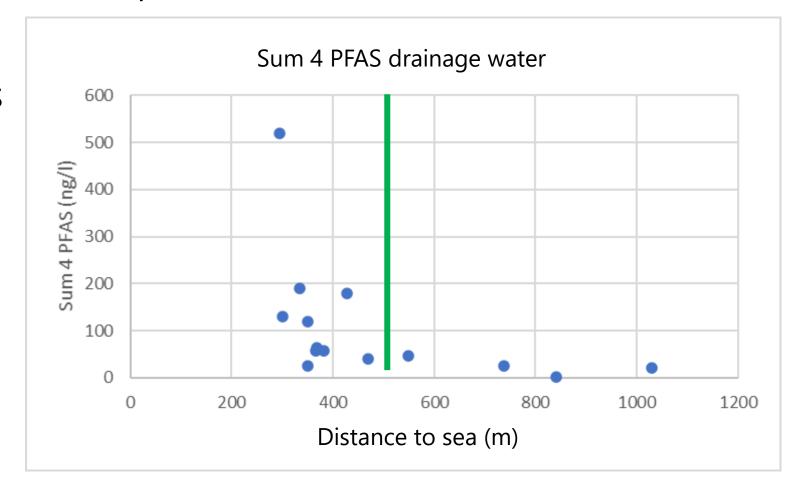


# Can distance to sea explain content

### **Drainage water - Town:**

Content up to 520 ng/l for ∑4 PFAS

BUT content decreases for drain wells that are more than 500 m from the coast,





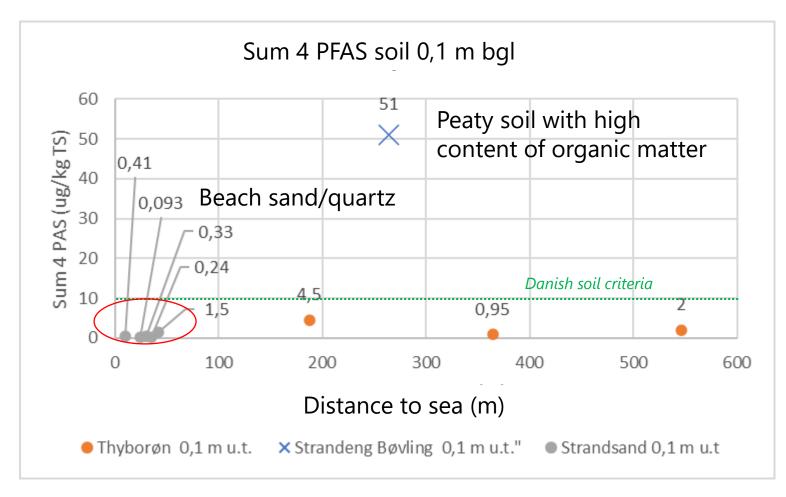
# Can distance to sea explain content

**Soils:** Relatively small data set

Soil type (Humus, Peat, Beach sand /quartz sand), organic and mineral content, water content and particle size distribution etc. can affect the binding capacity of PFAS to soils

Highest concentration found at reference area 35 km to the south

Most soil samples do not exceed the soil criterium for 10  $\mu$ g/kg dw for  $\Sigma$ 4 PFAS



### Low content in beach sand



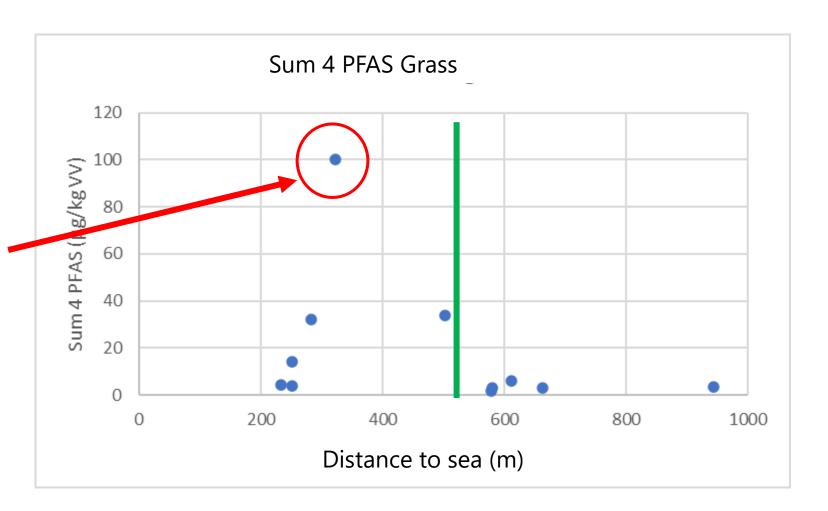
# Can distance to sea explain content

### **Vegetation (grass):**

Samples from coastal meadows with livestock (cattle)

Highest PFAS content in vegetation (grass) is found within 500 m of the coast.

Deposition of aerosols/foam in connection with the storm on the 5th. April can explain the highest content?





# PFAS can bioaccumulate in livestock

### Grazing cattle and game at Harboøre tange

Sample no	PFOS in plasma	Animal	Comment
	μg/kg ww		
1	20	Cow	Grazed summer 2021 on
			contaminated area
1a	15	Calf of no. 1	Grazed summer 2021 on
			contaminated area
2	20	Cow	Grazed summer 2021
			on contaminated area
2a	11	Calf of no. 2	Grazed summer 2021 on
			contaminated area
3	11	Cow	Grazed summer 2021 on
			contaminated area
3a	8	Calf of no 3	Grazed summer 2021 on
			contaminated area
4	2.1	Calf	Grazed on other areas
5	1.8	Calf	Grazed on other areas

Livestock (cattle) grazing on coastal meadows

Level of concern: 3.3 µg/kg ww

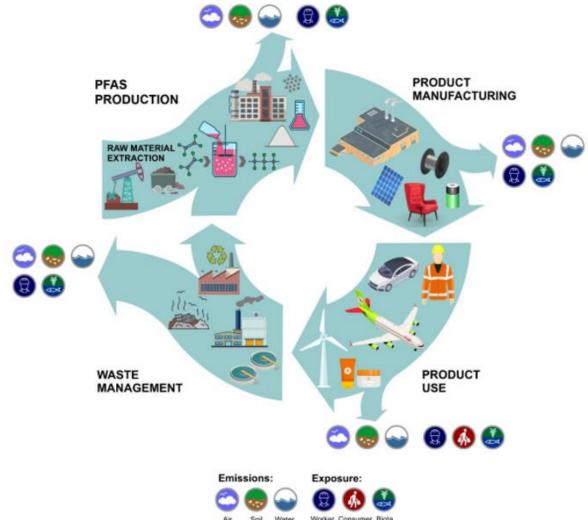
Data from Danish Veterinary and Food Administration (Fødevarestyrelsen)



Analysis of wild ducks show high Concentration of PFAS so hunting are now banned on Harboøre Tange



# Origen of PFAS in sea water?



Commosion Staff Working Document – Poly- and perfluoroalkyl Substances (PPFAS). SWD(2020) 249 final, European Commission, 2020



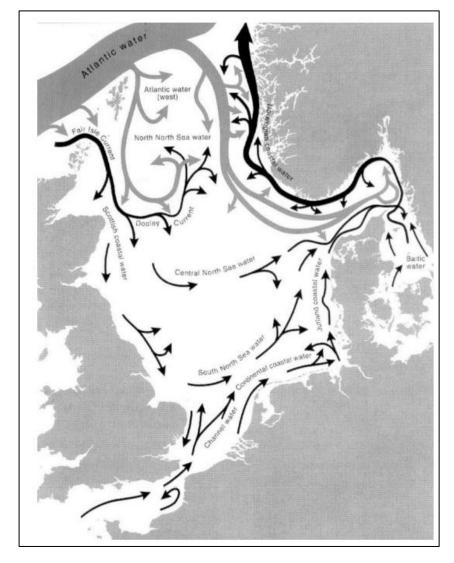
# Possible Sources in Sea Water

# PFAS sources in sea water at Thyborøn? Local sources

- Contaminated sites -> industrial/waste dumps, firefighting training sites etc.
- Effluent from industry and wastewater treatment plants, storm water/road and roof drainage water

### **Regional sources via North Sea**

- Wastewater treatment plants
- Emissions from incineration of waste
- PFAS sites and landfills with discharge to sea
- Offshore Oil Industry (platforms etc.)
- PFAS-production in Holland or Belgium
- Rainwater deposition? or rainwater impacted from seawater?



Hvas et al, 1998



# Other project and result



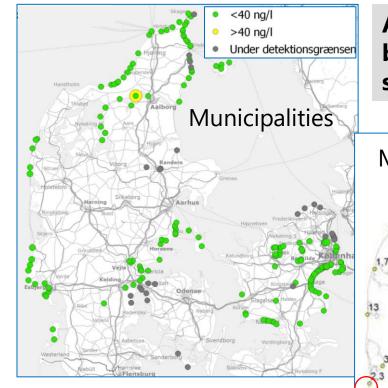
Are there PFAS in bathing waters?

Concern about public health (July 2022)

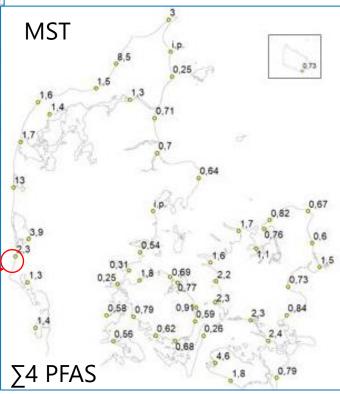
The Danish EPA (MST) have instigated:

50 samples of bathing water (in 30 cm's depth)
 and SML from 50 sites around the coast

- Instructed relevant municipalities to sample bathing waters – 216 samples
- Defined a provisional advisory guideline of 40 ng/l for ∑PFOA, PFNA, PFHxS, PFOS (WHO)
- No samples exceed advisory guideline (except one sample, but not confirmed by control)
- 2 samples of SML in a coastal lagoon had elevated content of 1000 and 270 ng/l for ∑4PFAS
- Highest content is generally seen along the west coast (North Sea)



All Samples exced EU based cirtiera for marine surface water (0,13 ng/l)





# Drinking water

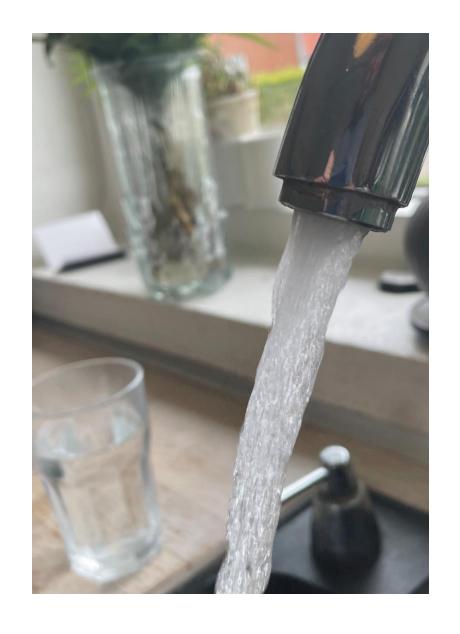
Concern about public drinking water

Denmark – 100 % supply by ground water

All tap water have drinking water quality

Concern for drinking water supply near the West Coast

Public waterworks have mostly their wells further inland

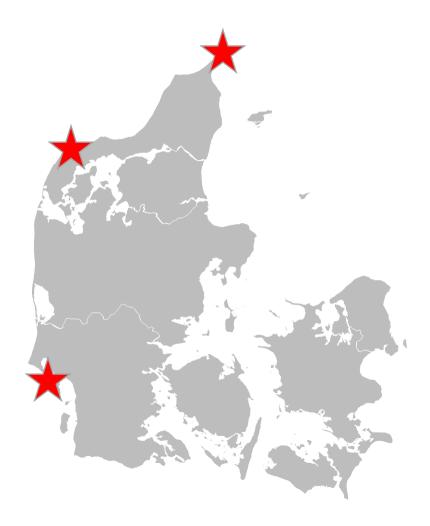




# PFAS at Fanø Island, Hanstholm and Skagen

Aware of 3 public water works with PFAS contaminated wells placed close to the west coast of Jutland (2-5 km from sea) – suspicion of PFAS contamination from sea

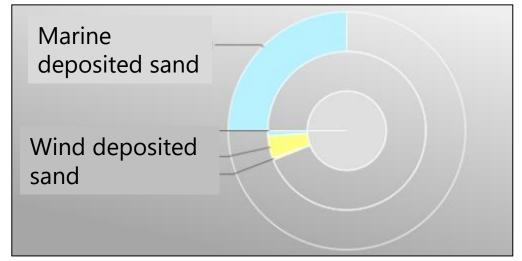
- Fanø Island in the Wadden Sea
- Hanstholm
- Skagen

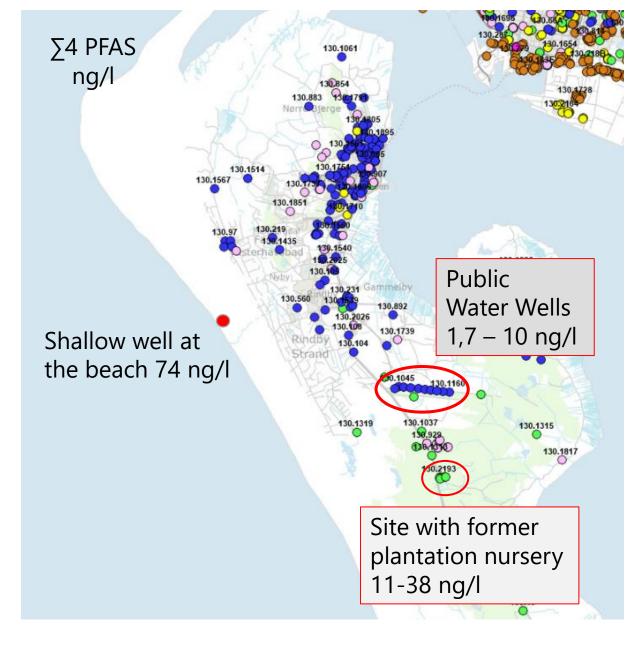




# Fanø Island

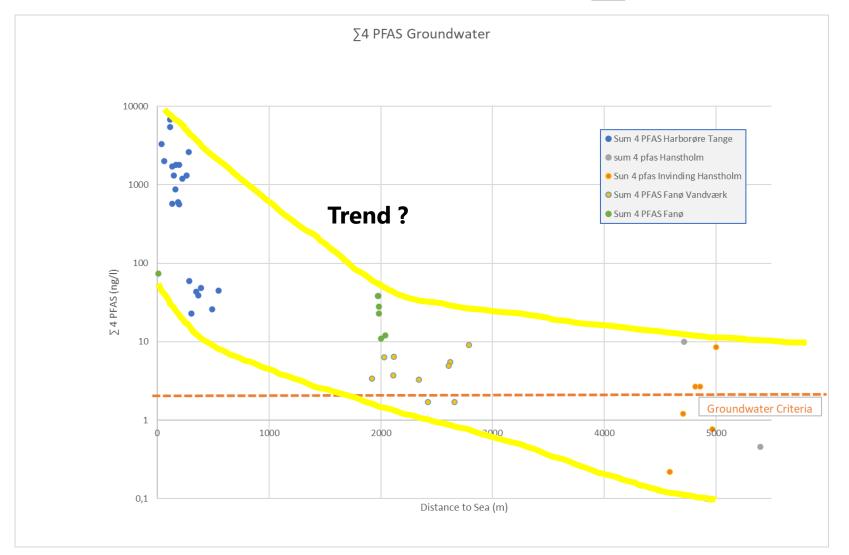
- Public water wells contaminated: 1,7-10 ng/l (∑4 PFAS)
- Water wells are screened 22-33 m bgl
- Public water wells are surrounded by nature
- Site investigation at former plantation nursery: 11-38 ng/l (∑4 PFAS) in shallow ground water
- Geology Sand







# Data from several sites ∑4 PFAS



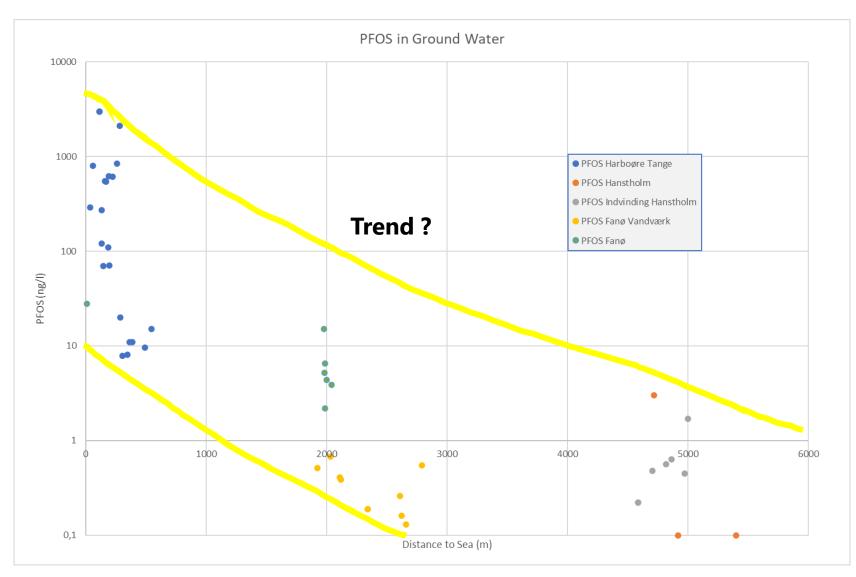


Data from Harboøre, Hanstholm and Fanø

- Impact up to 5 km from sea?
- Different sites
- Monitoring and water wells
- Shallow/deeper aquifer
- Unsaturated/Vadose zone



# Data from several sites PFOS



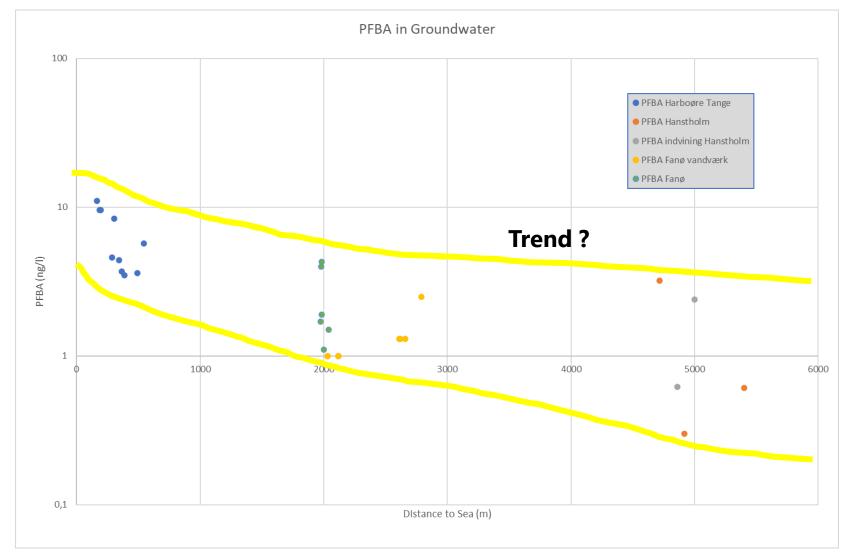


Data from Harboøre, Hanstholm and Fanø

- PFOS is the main PFAS in sea foam (50-75 %)
- High concentration near sea
- Rapid decline with distance to sea
- Transport by foam and aerosols?



# Data from several sites PFBA





Data from Harboøre, Hanstholm and Fanø

- PFBA not detected in sea foam
- Lower levels at sea
- Less decline with distance to sea
- Different transport aerosols?



# Future Projects

- Samling at 60 sites 0-10 km from sea at the west coast of Jutland and Seeland for the Nature Agency. Sampling include grass and surface water. All sites are meadows leased out for grazing livestock. Data will be "mined" for overall trends.
- Site investigation at Fanø Island to document PFAS contamination from sea – will include sampling af sea foam, shallow ground water and soil. Founded by Region of Southern Denmark
- More site investigations at the west coast of Jutland will include sampling af sea foam, shallow ground water, surface water and soil. Founded by Central Region of Denmark, Lemvig Municipality, and Danish EPA. Second phase may include sampling of aerosols and deposition of PFAS in cooperation with Stockholm University
- NIRAS are working as a consultant for the water works in Hanstholm and Skagen

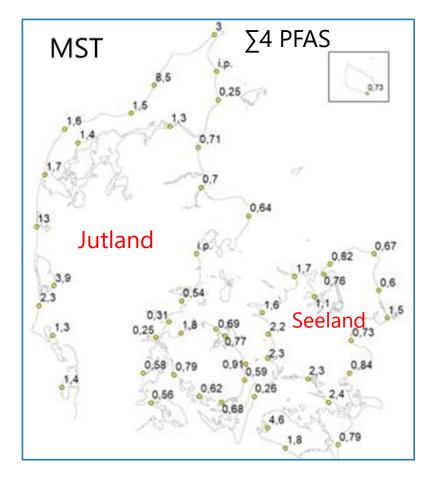














# Thank you for Attention

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